

SQL Server 2025 licensing guidance

Overview

This licensing guide is for people who want to gain a basic understanding of how Microsoft® SQL Server® 2025 database software is licensed through Microsoft Commercial Licensing programs. This guide does not supersede or replace any of the legal documentation covering SQL Server 2025 use rights. Specific product license terms are defined in the Product Terms or in your commercial license agreement. This licensing guide is not a legal use rights document. Program specifications and business rules are subject to change.

SQL Server 2025 editions

SQL Server 2025 has two main commercial editions to accommodate the unique feature, performance and price requirements of organizations and individuals: Enterprise Edition and Standard Edition.

- **Enterprise Edition** is ideal for applications requiring mission critical in-memory performance, security, and high availability. Enterprise edition also offers unlimited virtualization rights when acquired with Software Assurance or through a software subscription license from your Commercial Licensing agreement [1].
- **Standard Edition** is designed for small to medium-sized business and organizations. It provides many of the core database features of Enterprise edition, but with limitations on scalability and high availability. It is a cost-effective option for businesses that require a reliable and scalable database solution but do not need the advanced features and scalability of Enterprise edition. The Standard Edition's maximum compute capacity is limited to 32 licensed cores.

Other specialty editions of SQL Server 2025 include Enterprise Developer edition, Standard Developer edition, Evaluation edition (which are licensed for non-production use only), and Express edition. SQL Server Web edition is not available for 2025, however SQL Server 2022 Web edition may be available under the Microsoft Services Provider License Agreement (SPLA).

- For detailed product specifications and a full feature-by-feature comparison of the SQL Server editions, visit <https://aka.ms/sqlserver2025editions>.
- For more information on the compute capacity limits for each edition of SQL Server, visit <http://aka.ms/sqlcapacitylimits>.

1. A software subscription license is a license to run the SQL Server software during the period of the subscription from your Commercial Licensing agreement. For example, you can acquire SQL Server software subscription licenses for 1-year or 3-year terms from a Cloud Solution Provider (CSP) partner.

How to buy

You can license SQL Server from Microsoft in the following ways:

1. **Commercial licensing agreement:** You can license SQL Server through a commercial licensing agreement by working with a Microsoft partner or Microsoft directly. [Learn about commercial licensing agreement options](#).
2. **Pay-as-you-go billing for SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc:** SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc provides pay-as-you-go flexibility across on-premises and cloud environments. SQL Server pay-as-you-go subscription includes a set of benefits like that included with a license with Software Assurance or a subscription license. [Learn more about how to use pay-as-you-go licensing](#). To learn more about outsourcing, unlimited virtualization, and failover rights, please see the related [Product Terms](#).
3. **Pay-as-you-go billing for Azure SQL:** Azure SQL is a family of managed, secure, and intelligent products that use the SQL Server database engine in the Azure cloud. [Learn more about licensing SQL through Azure](#).

The remainder of this licensing guide discusses licensing through a Commercial Licensing Program (#1 above).

SQL Server 2025 new features

SQL Server 2025 empowers you to accelerate time-to-market for your AI application development with:

- Built-in AI support to combine vector and keyword search in a single engine. You can access the AI models you choose using the familiar T-SQL language.
- Native JSON support, REST APIs, and other tools to help developers build AI apps consistently across cloud and on-premises environments.
- Frictionless analytics and cloud agility using near real-time data replication with database mirroring in Fabric and centralized management using Azure Arc.
- Security with Microsoft Entra ID for authentication, optimized locking for improved concurrency, and faster query processing for better performance.

[Learn more about what's new with SQL Server 2025](#).

Software Assurance or subscription licenses

You get the most from your SQL Server licenses if you acquire them with Software Assurance or as subscription licenses.

- **Software Assurance** (SA) is a comprehensive Volume Licensing benefit program that includes an extensive set of technologies, services, rights, and benefits to help customers get the most out of their Microsoft investments. SA is a supplemental program that can only be added to perpetual licenses at the time of purchase and cannot be acquired later.
- **Software subscription licenses** permit you to run the SQL Server software during the period of the subscription from your Commercial Licensing agreement. For example, you can acquire SQL Server software subscription licenses for 1-year or 3-year terms from a Cloud Solution Provider (CSP) partner. Software subscription licenses include similar benefits to licenses with Software Assurance. (Note: software subscription licenses are not the same thing as Azure subscriptions. But you can use your software subscription licenses (or licenses with SA) for SQL resources on Azure with the Azure Hybrid Benefit, or on-prem but connected to Azure via Azure Arc)

Overview of Software Assurance and subscription licenses benefits

Benefit	Description
Azure Hybrid Benefit	Azure Hybrid Benefit for SQL Server is an Azure-based benefit available with SA or software subscription licenses, allowing customers to use their existing SQL Server licenses to access SQL services on Azure at a reduced cost.
New version rights	You gain access to new versions as soon as they are released.
Fail-Over servers for disaster recovery	Allows you to run passive SQL Server instances in a separate OSE or server for disaster recovery in anticipation of a failover event.
Fail-Over servers for disaster recovery in Azure	Allows you to run passive SQL Server instances in a separate OSE or server for disaster recovery in Azure in anticipation of a failover event
Fail-Over servers for high availability	Allows you to run passive SQL Server instances in a separate OSE or server for high availability in anticipation of a failover event.
Unlimited virtualization with Enterprise edition	Allows you to run any number of instances in an unlimited number of VMs when you license a full physical Server with Enterprise edition. With this benefit you do not need to license each VM separately. Applicable under the per core licensing model only. Unlimited virtualization with Enterprise edition is also available with SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc.
Unlimited containers	Allows you to run any number of containers in a virtual Operating System Environment (OSE) when you license a virtual OSE with virtual OSE licensing. With this benefit you do not need to license each container separately. Available for Standard or Enterprise licenses. Applicable under the per core licensing model only.
Flexible Virtualization Benefit	Allows you to run SQL Server on Authorized Outsourcers' servers (shared or dedicated) under expanded Outsourcing Software Management rights. Notwithstanding the Outsourcing Software Management clause, you may use SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc with a pay-as-you-go subscription on your own devices, or devices under the day-to-day management and control of third parties. However, when using SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc with a) a license with SA, b) a subscription license, or c) physical core licensing with unlimited virtualization under a pay-as-you-go subscription, you are only permitted to run SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc on your own devices or Servers under the day-to-day management and control of Authorized Outsourcers, regardless of whether those Servers are dedicated to Customer.
Power BI Report Server	With SQL Server 2025, customers using Enterprise or Standard editions (even without active Software Assurance) are permitted to run Power BI Report Server without purchasing additional licenses. For versions of SQL Server Enterprise Edition released prior to 2025, Power BI Report Server use rights apply only to Enterprise Edition Core Licenses with active SA. This right expires upon expiration of Customer's SA coverage.
Option to license by virtual machine	Allows you to license SQL Server 2025 by virtual machine. You may also move your virtual machine as often as needed to another server in the same server farm.
License Mobility <i>(Available with Software Assurance only)</i>	Allows you to run SQL Server on an Authorized License Mobility Partner's shared servers. Does not apply to SQL Server PDW. Unlimited virtualization rights and unlimited container rights do not apply when using Licensing Mobility. License Mobility is available with Software Assurance only.

SQL Server licensing models

There are two licensing models for SQL Server: Per Core and Server + CAL.

- **Per core** licensing is available for both editions. Under this model, you acquire licenses for the number of cores running on the device or virtual machine. There are no licenses needed for users or devices that access the SQL Server.
- **Server + CAL** licensing is only available with Standard edition and is not available with Pay-as-you-go billing. Under this model you acquire both a "server" license for the device that will run SQL Server and a "Client Access License (CAL)" for each user or device that will access the SQL Server.

The Server + CAL licensing model provides the option to license users and/or devices and have low-cost access to incremental SQL Server deployments. For customers who cannot count users or require premium database capabilities, a core-based licensing model may work better. Core-based licensing gives customers a more precise measure of computing power and a more consistent licensing metric, regardless of whether solutions are deployed on physical on-premises servers, or in virtual or cloud environments.

Edition	Server + CAL	Per Core
Enterprise		X
Standard	X	X

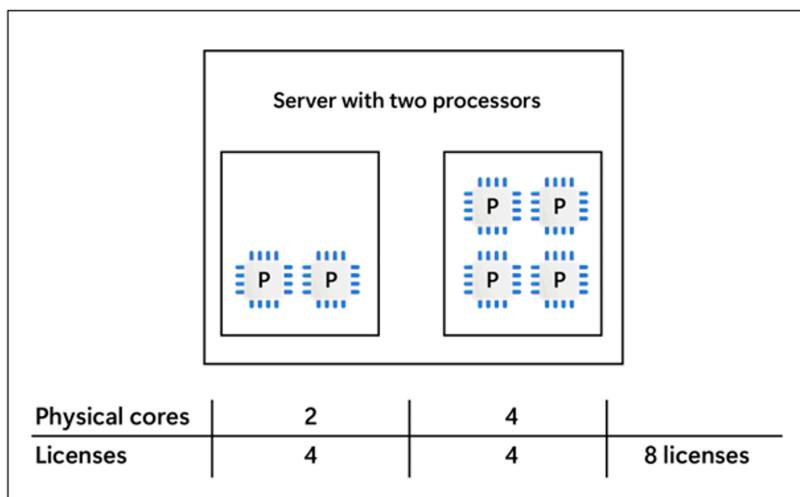
Per Core licensing

Under the Per Core licensing model, devices or virtual machines running SQL Server or its components must have an appropriate number of SQL Server core licenses assigned based on the number of physical cores when licensing a physical server, or virtual cores when licensing a virtual machine. Unlike the Server + CAL model, unlimited users and devices can access SQL Server under this model without Client Access Licenses (CALs). SQL Server core SKUs are sold in packs of two-core licenses each. Meaning a single two-core SKU includes two core licenses.

There are two ways of counting licenses, depending on whether you are licensing per physical server or licensing per virtual machine. Note that Software Assurance (SA) or a subscription license is required to license by virtual machine.

Licensing by physical server

You must acquire sufficient licenses based on the number of physical cores on the server, with a minimum of four Licenses per Physical Processor.



Use entitlements when licensed by physical server under the Per Core model

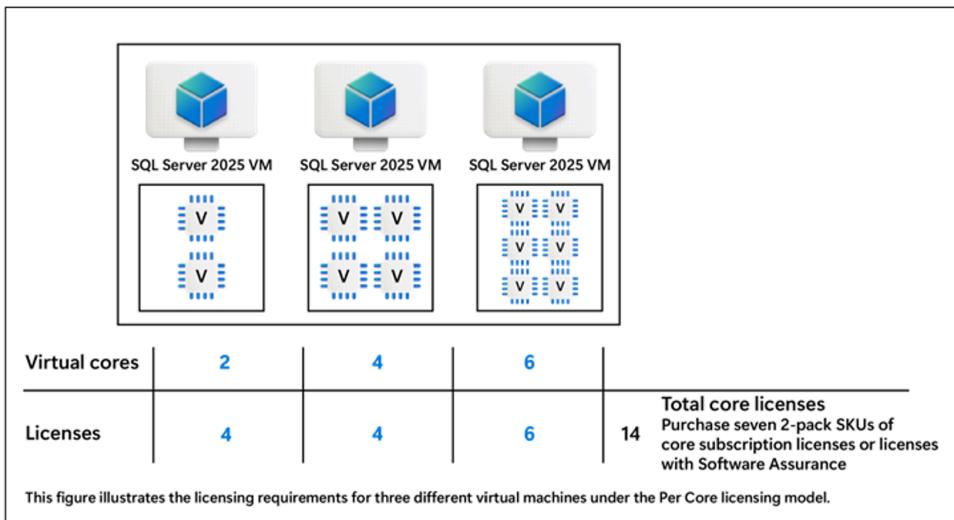
Use entitlements WITHOUT Software Assurance or subscription license:

- **Enterprise edition** permits running any number of instances of SQL Server across physical or virtual Operating System Environments (OSEs) on your server, up to the number of assigned licenses. (Note: For the purposes of licensing, a container is also considered to be a virtual OSE). For example, if you assigned 16 core licenses to a server, you could run instances across up to 16 OSEs (physical or virtual). If you'd like to run instances on additional OSEs you can assign more licenses to the server. For example, by assigning 2 more licenses to a 16-core server you could run instances across 18 OSEs.
- **Standard edition** permits running any number of instances of SQL Server only in the physical OSE on the server.

Additional Enterprise edition use entitlements with Software Assurance or subscription license: Enterprise edition customers with SA or subscription licenses can run any number of instances of SQL Server in an unlimited number of OSEs (physical or virtual) on the server. (Note that this entitlement may not be used in conjunction with License Mobility.)

Licensing by virtual machine (Software Assurance or subscription license required)

You must acquire sufficient licenses based on the number of virtual cores in the virtual OSE, with a minimum of four licenses per virtual OSE. If any virtual core is mapped to multiple hardware threads, you must also license each hardware thread to which it is mapped. The 32-core limit for the Standard edition means 32 hardware threads. Only licenses with Software Assurance or subscription licenses are eligible for this license model. (Note: a container is also considered a virtual OSE. The only exception is when using the unlimited container benefit described below.)



Use entitlements when licensed by virtual machine under the Per Core model

Enterprise edition permits running any number of instances of SQL Server in the licensed virtual OSE or in an unlimited number of containers only in the licensed virtual OSE.

Standard edition permits running any number of instances of SQL Server in the licensed virtual OSE or in an unlimited number of containers only in the licensed virtual OSE.

Note: For the purposes of licensing, the only time containers are not considered to be virtual OSEs is when using the unlimited container use right. For example, without SA or subscription licenses, you are allowed unlimited instances only in the single VM or container (both considered a "virtual OSE") that is licensed. With SA or a subscription license, however, you may then run unlimited instances in unlimited containers within your licensed VM or container.

Per core licensing summary

This table summarizes the above details about per core licensing.

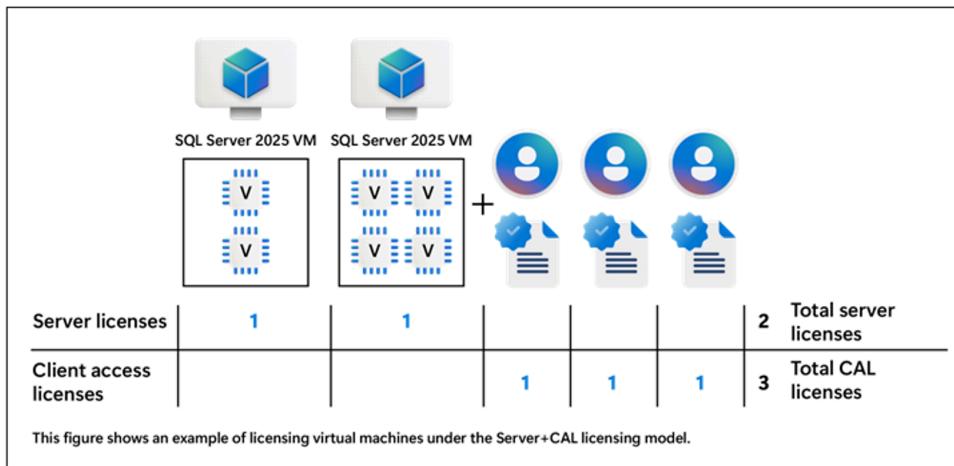
	Licensing by physical server	Licensing by virtual machine
Licenses required	# of physical cores subject to min of 4 per processor	# of virtual cores & hyper thread mapping subject to min of 4 per VM
Enterprise Edition use rights:		
Without SA or subscription	Any number of instances across physical or virtual OSEs, up to number of assigned licenses.	NA
With SA or subscription	Any number of instances in unlimited number of OSEs (physical or virtual).	Any number of instances in the licensed virtual OSE or in unlimited number of containers only in the licensed virtual OSE.
Standard Edition use rights:		
Without SA or subscription	Any number of instances of SQL Server only in physical OSE on the server.	NA
With SA or subscription	Any number of instances of SQL Server only in physical OSE on the server.	Any number of instances in the licensed virtual OSE or in unlimited number of containers only in the licensed virtual OSE.

For more examples of licensing with per core licenses, please see the Appendix below.

Server + CAL licensing

Under the Server + CAL model for licensing SQL Server Standard edition, you acquire a server license for each server and a Client Access License (CAL) for each user or device accessing the SQL Server or any of its components.

- A "server" is the physical hardware system. Any hardware partition or blade is considered a separate server.
- CALs are required even when the server is accessed indirectly. Additionally, all devices accessing SQL Server require a CAL, even if they are not attended to by a human. A user or device assigned a single CAL can access more than one licensed SQL Server. **Note:** Using hardware or software that reduces the number of devices or users that directly access or use the software (multiplexing/pooling) does not reduce the number of CALs required. [Learn more about multiplexing](#).



Use entitlements when licensed under the Server + CAL model

You may run one instance of SQL Server in a single physical OSE or virtual OSE for each server license acquired. (Note: a container is also considered a virtual OSE.) You may also stack server licenses on a device to increase your allowed instances & OSEs.

License Assignment and movement across server farms

To use SQL Server, you must assign your licenses to a server. With the Per Core licensing model, that server is either the physical device you licensed following the physical core model, or the server holding the virtual OSE that you licensed following the virtual OSE model. With the Server + CAL licensing model, that server is the device holding the physical or virtual OSE you have chosen to run your SQL instance.

Generally, once licenses are assigned to a server, they must remain assigned to that server for a minimum of 90 days. However, customers with Software Assurance or subscription licenses have additional flexibility to move VMs across servers within the same server farm.

Moving virtual OSEs within server farms

Customers with Software Assurance or subscription licenses may move their licensed virtual OSEs across servers located within the same server farm as often as needed. This benefit applies to both Per Core and Server + CAL licensing models, but only when licensing and running virtual OSEs.

- **Per core:** You get this benefit if you are licensing by virtual OSE within the Per Core license model.
- **Server + CAL:** You get this benefit if you have elected to run your entitled instance in a virtual OSE, as opposed to a physical OSE.

Disaster recovery and high availability

For customers with Software Assurance (SA) or subscription licenses, SQL Server includes entitlements to run additional instances in other servers for disaster recovery and high availability scenarios. Please note that licenses without SA or non-subscription licenses do not include disaster recovery or high availability rights, including use of fail-over clusters.

For each licensed physical or virtual OSE (with SA or subscription licenses), you may run any or all of the following passive replicas in anticipation of a failover event:

- One passive fail-over replica for high availability in a separate OSE
- One passive fail-over replica for disaster recovery in a separate OSE
- One passive fail-over replica for disaster recovery in a single VM or instance on Azure

A passive SQL Server replica is one that is not serving SQL Server data to clients or running active SQL Server workloads. The number of licenses that would otherwise be required to run the passive fail-over replica may not exceed the number of licenses needed to cover your primary physical or virtual OSE.

Pass fail-over replicas may be implemented in a variety of ways, including via availability groups and fail-over cluster instances.

Other scenarios & benefits

Azure Hybrid Benefit

SQL Server licenses with Software Assurance and software subscription licenses include Azure Hybrid Benefit. Azure Hybrid Benefit is a licensing offer that helps you migrate to and save on Azure. [Learn more about what you can do with Azure Hybrid Benefit.](#)

SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc

You can use your SQL Server licenses with Software Assurance, or your software subscription licenses, with SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc to enjoy additional features. Azure Arc is a software solution that enables you to project your on-premises and multicloud resources, such as virtual or physical servers and Kubernetes clusters, into Azure Resource Manager. Your valid Software Assurance or software subscription licenses allow you to use the additional Arc-enabled features without paying additional pay-go fees. [Learn more about managing licensing and billing of SQL Server enabled by Azure Arc.](#)

License Mobility

SQL Server licenses with Software Assurance also include the License Mobility through Software Assurance benefit. With License Mobility, you can deploy SQL Server instances in an Authorized Mobility Partner's shared servers. Your use rights when using License Mobility are different from the general use rights explained above, and do not include unlimited virtualization or unlimited container rights. [See the related Product Terms for more information.](#)

Use of Power BI Report Server

Previously, Power BI Report Server was available only with SQL Server Enterprise Edition when purchased with Software Assurance or through a subscription. With the release of SQL Server 2025, Power BI Report Server use rights are now included with both Enterprise and Standard Editions—even without Software Assurance.

Additional no-cost SQL Server editions for licensing

If you're looking to use SQL Server for development, evaluation, or other limited purposes, you have a variety of alternative licensing options.

- **SQL Server Enterprise Developer edition:** SQL Server Developer edition includes all the features and capabilities of Enterprise edition and is licensed solely for development, testing, and demonstration purposes. It cannot be used in a production environment, and any test data used must be removed before deploying the software for production use.
- **SQL Server Standard Developer edition:** SQL Server Standard Developer edition includes all the features and capabilities of Standard edition and is licensed solely for development, testing, and demonstration purposes. It cannot be used in a production environment, and any test data used must be removed before deploying the software for production use.
- **SQL Server Express edition:** SQL Server Express is a free entry-level database that is suitable for building desktop and small server data-driven applications, making it a popular choice for independent software vendors, developers, and hobbyists building client applications. It can be upgraded seamlessly to other higher-end versions of SQL Server if advanced database features are needed. SQL Server Express LocalDB is a lightweight version of the Express edition that has all of its programmability features, runs in user mode, has a fast and zero-configuration installation, and requires only a short list of prerequisites.
- **SQL Server Evaluation edition:** SQL Server Evaluation edition allows you to use the Enterprise edition's feature set for evaluation purposes for up to 180 days. You must upgrade to Standard or Enterprise edition when ready to deploy to a production environment.

Appendix

To further illustrate how SQL Server core licenses can be used across different license models and deployment scenarios, see the table below.

Example: You have 16 Enterprise edition core licenses and 16 Standard edition core licenses acquired without SA and not as a software subscription license.

Licenses without SA/subscription	Licensing by physical server	Licensing by virtual machine (VM)	Azure SQL resource
16 Enterprise edition core licenses	You can license a physical server up to 16 cores, subject to a minimum of 4 core license per processor (or multiple servers subject to those same limits). From there, you can run any number of instances across physical or virtual OSEs, up to number of assigned licenses. In this case, that would be up to 16 OSEs. (Containers are also considered to be virtual OSEs).	NA (You cannot license by VM without SA or a software subscription license)	NA (You cannot run on Azure without SA or a software subscription license because running on Azure requires the Azure Hybrid Benefit)
16 Standard edition core licenses	You can license a physical server up to 16 cores, subject to a minimum of 4 core license per processor (or multiple servers subject to those same limits). From there you can run any number of instances of SQL Server only in the physical OSE on the server.		

Example: You have 16 Enterprise edition core licenses and 16 Standard edition core licenses acquired with SA or as a software subscription license.

Licenses with SA/subscription	Licensing by physical server	Licensing by virtual machine (VM)	Azure SQL resource
16 Enterprise edition core licenses	<p>You can license a physical server up to 16 cores, subject to a minimum of 4 core license per processor (or multiple servers subject to those same limits).</p> <p>From there you can run any number of instances in an unlimited number of OSEs (physical or virtual).</p>	<p>You can license a VM with up to 16 cores or up to four 4-core VMs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When licensing by VM there is a minimum requirement of 4-core licenses per VM. Additionally, if any cores are hyper thread mapped you must assign an additional core license for each mapping. <p>From there you can run any number of instances in the licensed virtual OSE or in an unlimited number of containers running in the licensed virtual OSE.</p>	<p>You can use the Azure Hybrid Benefit to run Azure SQL resources at a reduced cost.</p> <p>The number of cores you're entitled to depends on your SQL Server edition and the Azure service you select, as shown in the Azure Hybrid Benefit eligibility table in the Product Terms.</p> <p>Enterprise edition licenses are entitled to more core resources than Standard edition licenses</p> <p>See below abbreviated version of the table for these scenarios.</p>
16 Standard edition core licenses	<p>You can license a physical server up to 16 cores, subject to a minimum of 4 core license per processor (or multiple servers subject to those same limits).</p> <p>From there you can run any number of instances of SQL Server only in the physical OSE on the server.</p>		

Example: You have 16 Enterprise edition core licenses and 16 Standard edition core licenses – acquired with SA or as a software subscription license, and want to use Azure Hybrid Benefit.

Qualified Licenses (Software Assurance or subscription)	When licenses are applied to Microsoft Azure Data Services using Azure Hybrid Benefit...	...their coverage is:
16 SQL Server Enterprise (Core)	Business Critical or Enterprise Instances <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SQL Managed Instance enabled by Azure Arc Azure SQL Database or Managed Instance Azure Data Factory SQL Server Integration Services 	16 vCores
	General Purpose or Standard Instances <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SQL Managed Instance enabled by Azure Arc- Azure SQL Database or Managed Instance Azure Data Factory SQL Server Integration Services 	64 vCores
	SQL Server Enterprise Virtual Machines	16 vCPUs, max of 4 Virtual Machines
	SQL Server Standard Virtual Machines	64 vCPUs, max of 16 Virtual Machines
16 SQL Server Standard (Core)	Business Critical or Enterprise Instances <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SQL Managed Instance enabled by Azure Arc Azure SQL Database or Managed Instance Azure Data Factory SQL Server Integration Services 	4 vCores
	General Purpose or Standard Instances <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SQL Managed Instance enabled by Azure Arc Azure SQL Database or Managed Instance Azure Data Factory SQL Server Integration Services 	16 vCores
	SQL Server Enterprise Virtual Machines	4 vCPUs, max of 1 Virtual Machine
	SQL Server Standard Virtual Machines	16 vCPUs, max of 4 Virtual Machines

Licensing SQL Server components

SQL Server software includes a range of licensed server components, including but not limited to the SQL Server Database Engine (DB), Master Data Services (MDS), Analysis Services (AS), Integration Services (IS), Reporting Services (RS), and Data Quality Services (DQS). In addition, a number of management components, such as client applications and tools used for creating or working with analytical data, are provided. [Learn more about the software components included with SQL Server.](#)

The software components of a single SQL Server license cannot be separated. Any OSE running any of the licensed components of SQL Server, requires a license. For example, if the SQL Server DB is deployed in one OSE and SQL Server RS is deployed in another, both OSEs must be fully licensed for SQL Server accordingly.

Management tools and other software identified as additional or supplemental software—such as product documentation, client connectivity tools, software add-ins, and Software Development Kits (SDKs)—can generally be distributed and run on any number of devices for use with a licensed instance of SQL Server software. Refer to the Volume Licensing Product Terms for the list of additional software components provided with SQL Server.

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